

Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1870.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, from its original establishment, has been in the receipt of telegraphic news from the New York Associated Press, which consists of the *Tribune*, *Times*, *Herald*, *World*, *Sun*, *Journal of Commerce*, *Evening Post*, *Commercial Advertiser*, and *Evening Express*. The success which has attended our enterprise is, in itself, a sufficient evidence of the freshness, fullness, and reliability of the news which we have received from this source. We have now entered into a special contract by which THE EVENING TELEGRAPH has the exclusive use of the news furnished in the afternoon by the Associated Press to its own members, the *North American*, *Inquirer*, *Ledger*, *Press*, *Age* and *German Democrat*, of this city, and the leading journals of the East, North, West and South; and hereafter THE TELEGRAPH will be the only evening paper published in this city in which the afternoon despatches of the Associated Press will appear.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The official promulgation of the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment by the requisite number of States was issued yesterday. For a quarter of a century the politics of the nation has hinged on the negro question—and it remains to be seen whether the negro in the abstract will not be practically taken out of politics, by giving to the negro in the concrete all the political privileges that were formerly monopolized by the white man. This consummation is devoutly to be wished, and we hope it may be confidently anticipated. It is of more importance to the substantial interests of the Union how it is governed than who governs it; and when the attention of the people is distracted by constitutional or personal questions, they rarely have time to pay sufficient attention to the practical workings of the complicated governmental machinery. The negro, oppressed on the one hand, has been made an object of sympathy on the other, and while Democrats and Republicans have been quarrelling about his destiny, they have not stopped to scan closely the conduct of their public servants on the innumerable measures of deep importance which are not connected with the leading issue. Henceforth, however, as the negro will be armed with the ballot, he may safely and properly be left to take care of himself, and as he will cease to be an object of special solicitude, all voters, without distinction of color, can confine their attention to the public questions which deeply affect their welfare. The President, while he rejoices in his proclamation over the new extension of the right of suffrage, dwells mainly upon the necessity of "a more general diffusion of knowledge," and an enlightenment of public opinion. These admonitions might be profitably heeded by many white voters, as well as by the freedmen. The American habit of typifying, for popular purposes, all political differences in the creeds of two leading antagonistic parties has caused immeasurable evils. It has facilitated the election of thousands of infamous rascals, and it has led to the tacit approval, by well-meaning men, of an indefinite number of measures which they secretly knew to be unjust, but which they defended in public under the mistaken conviction that this hypocritical champion-ship was a partisan necessity. Parties may be indispensable in a free government, and they may, in some ways, render service to the public interests, but if their machinery is not remodelled they will soon become an unmitigated curse, for their present tendency is to furnish at once the agencies by which plunderers gain power and a horde of apologists for public sins of omission and commission. For these evils the remedy on which the President dwells so strongly is perhaps the best that can be devised. The people of Philadelphia have no ground for the hope that they will cease to be misrepresented and betrayed at Harrisburg, or that their interests in any other political centre will receive more zealous and patriotic attention, on account of the addition of colored men to our registry lists. At the best, the colored men will increase the Republican strength, but if this strength is not wisely used in the selection of good nominees, the burdens of tax-payers will be increased instead of being diminished, and the betrayal of the true interests of our citizens will become more notorious than ever. The great need of the times is a powerful infusion of intelligence and honesty into the primary organizations of the two parties. If they are to be left to the control of selfish schemers and ignorant dupes, the sooner they cease to exert a commanding influence over the action of the mass of voters the better will it be for the nation. The admonitory passages of Grant's message may have been intended merely as a lecture to the negroes, but his advice may be profitably heeded by all classes.

THE DISAPPEARANCE OF FICKEN.

The case of Richard J. Ficken, who was indicted some weeks ago for shooting Arthur Curran, a young lad, was called this morning in the Court of Quarter Sessions. Young Curran and the other lad who was one of the objects of Ficken's murderous assault were in attendance, the former on crutches and limping badly from his wound. When Ficken's name was called he did not put in an appearance, and the Court declared his bail, amounting to \$17,500, to be forfeited, and the Judge issued a bench warrant to the officers of the court, ordering them to produce Ficken if he

could be found. A search for him was accordingly made, and it was discovered that he had concluded to forfeit his bail by leaving the city rather than to stand the chances of a trial. We understand that Ficken left quietly for Europe two days after he was bailed, a contingency that was not unforeseen at the time bail was accepted, and this ought to have caused his movements to be watched. As Ficken is wealthy he can well afford to refund the amount of his bail to his partner, Williams, who was his surety, and think himself well rid of a bad job, but it is certainly a matter for regret that he should have been permitted to defy justice in this manner, and we hope sincerely that if it is possible to bring him back under any extradition treaty, and punish him for his crime to the full extent of the law, no pains will be spared by the authorities to have justice done. It was feared from the first that Ficken would be able to escape punishment because of his wealth, and although perhaps the Court and the District Attorney can scarcely be blamed in the matter, it is a great scandal that he should have been permitted to leave as he did.

THE AFRICAN AGAIN.

The Fifteenth Amendment has been proclaimed as the law of the land, and in the eyes of the law a colored man is as good as a white man if he behaves himself. It was fondly hoped by many that when this consummation was reached the agitation with regard to the rights of the colored people would cease, and that some new subject of political discussion would usurp the place of the "everlasting nigger." Indeed, many who were not particularly friendly to the children of Ham, and who held firmly the orthodox views with regard to their immediate relationship to the gorillas, as demonstrated by the formation of their shin-bones and craniums, tacitly, if not openly, endorsed the Fifteenth Amendment, with the fervid hope that it would put an end finally and forever to the discussion of a subject that has long ceased to be edifying. We can imagine the dismay of this class of persons, not to speak of those who, having supported the claims of the negro from principle, are well pleased to be done with him as a political problem, when they discover that there is still a colored gentleman in the national wood-pile, in whose behalf further legislation will be necessary. No provision is made for the naturalization of colored aliens, and last week the District Court of this city was obliged to refuse an application on the ground that the naturalization law in this State is only applicable to alien white men. Senator Sumner, when this case was brought to his notice, promptly introduced a bill to remove this last—we hope it is the last—relic of barbarism, and Congress cannot oblige the entire country more than by passing immediately such a law as will place colored aliens on the same footing as their white brethren. Now that the Fifteenth Amendment has been ratified and formally proclaimed, it is high time that the members of the Democratic party should be encouraged to start some new ideas, and to enter upon new fields of usefulness by removing altogether from their gaze the ebony obstacle that has hitherto prevented them from accepting in a philosophical spirit the situation resultant from the Emancipation Proclamation and the surrender of Lee's army.

DELANO HEARD FROM.

HON. COLUMBUS DELANO, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has addressed to the assessors and collectors under his order a diplomatically-worded circular, which informs them that he, the said Delano, has been much misrepresented with regard to certain decisions that have emanated from the Bureau of Internal Revenue, and furthermore that the people of the United States do not show that entire willingness to submit to taxation that he, the aforesaid Columbus, would like to see. In fact, according to Mr. Delano, there is a very strong disposition to kick against the pricks, and a general unwillingness to pay internal revenue, and especially income taxes. This unwillingness manifests itself occasionally in a strong desire to punch the head of some assessor or collector whose bearing may not be as deferential as the average American citizen considers he has a right to expect. The main purport of Mr. Delano's circular therefore is to instruct his assessors and collectors that politeness and gentlemanly manners are among the first requisites in public officers who are entrusted with the duty of enforcing an unpopular but necessary excise law. Few persons who have had dealings with the class of officials named will dispute the fact that some such admonition as this was needed badly, for while every good citizen is bound to make true and correct returns to the Internal Revenue Bureau, and to pay his taxes promptly, there is no law that obliges him to submit to insolence or boorishness from the officials of the Government. In this city tax-payers have a just cause for complaint, not only on account of the impoliteness of the assessors, but on account of the inconvenient hours during which they keep their offices open for the transaction of business. Most of them only receive returns between the hours of 9 A. M. and 1 P. M., and business men who are engaged during the day in a different section of the city from that in which the assessor's office of their district is situated are subjected to a great and entirely unnecessary inconvenience, especially in making their income returns. This is a matter that is quite as important as those alluded to by Mr. Delano in his circular, and if he can compel the agents of his bureau to manage their affairs in this respect with a little more regard for the convenience of the tax-payers, he will confer a benefit for which they will be truly grateful, and he will save the assessors and collectors from having their susceptibilities injured by much bad language that is freely used at times against them by irate individuals who have to lose valuable time for the purpose of making their returns, and who think that their convenience ought to be in some degree consulted.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS,
NO. 1025 CHESNUT STREET.
THE FASHIONABLE RESORT.
SHERIDAN'S RIDE
STILL ON EXHIBITION.
FIFTH WEEK OF THIS GREATEST OF MODERN PAINTINGS.
BY THE PORT-ARTIST, T. BUCHANAN READ.
THE GALLERY THROUGHT WITH BEAUTY, HEALTH AND CULTURE.
THE INCIDENT.

"With foam and with dust the black charger was grey;
By the flash of his eye, and the red nostril's play,
We seemed to see Sheridan all the way."
"I have brought you Sheridan all the way."
From Winchester down to save the day!
CHAMBER, in size 25x35 inches, now ready. Price, \$10.
Admission, 25 cents. The collection of the Academy.
Open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and from 7 1/2 to 10 P. M.

PROFESSOR PAINE'S LECTURES FOR UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, THURSDAY EVENING, March 31—Cause, Nature, and Treatment of Nervous Diseases.
Monday Evening, April 3—The Causes, Nature, and Treatment of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.
Thursday Evening, April 7—The Causes, Nature, and Treatment of Diseases of Women: to Ladies only.
Monday Evening, April 10—The Diseases of Men and the Treatment: to Men only.
At the Philadelphia University, Ninth street north, below Locust. Single Tickets, 35 cents; Five Tickets, \$1. For sale at the Doctor's Office, in the University, from 10 to 4, and at the door.

THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF THE LADIES' ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY will be held in the hall of the JOHN M. E. HUGHES, 1100 Street, below George, on THURSDAY EVENING, 1870, the 31st of March.
Rev. Bishop Simpson will preside and speak. Also Rev. Bishop James, Rev. J. W. Wieg, D. D., editor of "Ladies' Repository," and Rev. George Cunningham, Chaplain. McCabe will speak and sing. The public are invited. It will be a social gathering.

PILGRIM BENEFITS.—WEDNESDAY, 23rd P. M.
Wednesday evening—South Street Presbyterian Church.
Thursday evening—Fourth Street Presbyterian Church.
Friday evening—West Federal Street and Church of God.
Silver Day, Saturday, 23rd and 8 P. M.—Practical change in silver.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF FAIRMOUNT PARK, No. 224 South Fifth Street.
Philadelphia, March 29, 1870.
Applications in writing from parties desiring of renting Belmont (Judge Peters') Mansion (as soon as the same is put in repair), for a Residence will be received for one week at this office daily, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. The applications must state the name, residence, and occupation of the applicant, and the price or rent offered for the remainder of the present year. Particulars can be learned at this office. Each application must be addressed to the Commissioners of Fairmount Park, and marked on the outside "Application for Renting Belmont Mansion."
DAVID FOLEY,
Secretary of Park Commission.

OFFICE OF THE WESTMORELAND COAL COMPANY, No. 230 S. THIRD STREET, corner of Willing's Alley.
Philadelphia, March 16, 1870.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the WESTMORELAND COAL COMPANY will be held at the office of the company on WEDNESDAY, April 6, 1870, at 12 o'clock A. M., when an election will be held for eleven Directors to serve during the ensuing year.
F. H. JACKSON,
Secretary.

MAMMOTH GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held TUESDAY, April 5, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 90 WALNUT street, when an election will be held for five directors for the ensuing year.
MICHAEL NISBET, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company in the city of Philadelphia on SATURDAY, April 9, 1870, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing a President and Board of Directors.
DAVID FOLEY,
Secretary.

TREGO'S TEABERRY TOOTHWASH.
It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best dentifrice extant. Warranted free from injurious ingredients.
Preserves and Whitens the Teeth!
Invigorates and Soothes the Gums!
Purifies and Perfumes the Breath!
Prevents Accumulation of Tartar!
Cleanses and Purifies Artificial Teeth!
Is a Superior Article for Children!
Sold by all druggists and dentists.
A. M. WILSON, Druggist, Proprietor,
309 1/2 Cor. NINTH and FIFTH STS., Philadelphia.

WARDALE G. McALLISTER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
No. 100 BROADWAY,
New York.

HEADQUARTERS FOR EXTRACTING TEETH with fresh Nitrous-Oxide Gas. Absolutely no pain. Dr. F. R. THOMAS, formerly operator at the Cotton Dental Rooms, devotes his entire practice to the painless extraction of teeth. Office, No. 911 WALNUT Street.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.
CAPITAL, \$5,000,000.
SABINE, LELAND & CO., Agents,
FIFTH and WALNUT Streets.

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFE

THE LAST GREAT FIRE IN CALVESTON.

Herring's Safes All Right in Every Instance.

FULL PARTICULARS.

NUMBER ONE.

CALVESTON, Texas, March 1, 1870.
Messrs. HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, New York—Dear Sirs:—It gives us pleasure to add our testimonial as to the fire-proof qualities of your Safes to the many which you have already.

OUR PATENT CHAMPION SAFE, which we purchased from you thirteen years ago, was opened on the morning after the fire which occurred on the night of February 23, destroying some of our finest brick buildings, to OUR ENTIRE SATISFACTION, our books and papers being in almost as good condition as when they were placed therein, notwithstanding the intense heat to which the Safe had been subjected.

The locks answered readily to the keys.
Respectfully,
SHACKELFORD, BROWN & CO.

NUMBER TWO.

CALVESTON, Texas, March 1, 1870.
Messrs. HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, New York—Dear Sirs:—The fire which occurred during the night of the 23rd of February destroyed the brick building in which we had our office.

The Safe in our use was one of your PATENT CHAMPIONS, so justly celebrated; it fell from the second story of its place, among Coal Oil and kerosene, and was still burning when we undertook to open it THIRTY-SIX HOURS after the fire; it had, therefore, during that time been subjected to a most INTENSE HEAT; much to our surprise, we opened it with the key and found our books, papers, etc., in REMARKABLY GOOD ORDER.

We are satisfied from the test to which our Safe was put that YOUR PATENT SAFES ARE PREFERABLE TO ALL OTHERS for resisting the action of Fire.
Respectfully yours,
BURNETT & WALL.

NUMBER THREE.

CALVESTON, Texas, March 1, 1870.
Messrs. HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, New York—Gentlemen:—Another large and destructive fire, visited our Island City on Wednesday night, February 23, reducing to ashes several of our largest business houses.

One of your PATENT CHAMPION SAFES, containing our books, papers and other valuable articles, including a Gold Watch, remained in the ruins until yesterday afternoon, FIVE DAYS AFTER THE FIRE, before we had it opened. We found the contents in EXCELLENT CONDITION. The great heat to which your Safes have been subjected, and their wonderful victories over the fiery fiend in both of the above cases, fully entitle them to the confidence of the business public as BUREAU AND PERFECT PROTECTION for the preservation of books and valuables in any fire.

Truly yours,
COOK & WOODVILLE.

Also, within the past thirty days, at the GREAT FIVES IN NEWARK, N. J., GALESBURG, ILL., TONAWANDA, PA., and RACINE, WIS.,

Herring's Safes have Triumphed

WHERE OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia.
HERRING & CO., Chicago. (31st March)
FARREL, HERRING & CO., New Orleans.
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, No. 251 BROADWAY, corner of Murray street, New York.

CLOTHING.

We are Ahead of all Competition.

AHEAD OF ALL COMPETITION
In Immensity of SPRING STOCK.
In Excellence of SPRING MATERIALS.
In variety of SPRING PATTERNS.
In durability of SPRING FABRICS.
In elegance of SPRING SUITS.
For Boys. For the House.
For Men. For the Store.
For Youths. For the Street.
For Lads. For Sunday.
For Little Boys. For Week Day.
For Large Boys. For Every Day.
For Stout Men. For Stormy Days.
For Healthy Men. For Sunshine Days.
For Business Men. For Rainy Days.
For Active Men. For Blustering Days.
For all Good Men. For Spring Days.

All our goods are reduced
RATES DOWN AS GOLD IS DOWN.
Our vast Stock of ready-made Clothing is ready for you. Our incomparable variety of English and American Cassimeres in our CUSTOM DEPARTMENT on the SECOND FLOOR, ready to be made up to fit you, at the shortest notice, and the lowest prices. Come and see the goods at our

GREAT BROWN HALL,
603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET.

ROCKWELL & WILSON
SOAP.

Carbolic Acid Soaps.

Manufactured by James Buchan & Co.
NEW YORK.

Carbolic Toilet Soap.

Carbolic Bath Soap.

Carbolic Shaving Soap.

These Soaps are made from the choicest ingredients, and are offered as a very superior article. They are to a great degree preventive of infectious diseases, valuable in all cutaneous affections, prevent scalding, chafing, and sore-head in infants. They keep the skin soft and smooth. For the bath they have peculiarly refreshing qualities.

CARBOLIC LAUNDRY SOAP.

This is a pure article, containing no excess of alkali, which in many of the soaps now sold is so destructive to clothing. Hospitals, asylums, prisons, vessels, hotels, restaurants, boarding-houses, and private families will find this soap invaluable for washing dishes and keeping sinks free from grease. Bedding and clothing used by the sick, even from the most infectious diseases, as a small-pox, virulent fever, etc., are completely disinfected by its use.

CARBOLIC DISINFECTING SOAP.

For washing horses, cattle, pigs, dogs, etc., to rid and protect them from vermin, and is indispensable to every stock-raiser and owner. It will positively destroy all insect life on cattle, and cure mange, scratches, and sores of all kinds.

ALSO,

CARBOLIC PLANT PROTECTOR,

CARBOLIC SOFT SOAP,

CRYSTALLINE OINTMENT.

CRYSTALLINE SHEET DIP.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. (31st March)

WHOLESALE AGENTS,

JOHN WYETH & BRO.

PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS'

Grand, Square, and Upright Pianos.

General Reduction in Prices in accordance with the Decline in the Premium on Gold.

STEINWAY & SONS manufacture also an entirely new style of instrument termed the

SCHOOL PIANO,

Precisely the same in size, scale, interior mechanism, and workmanship as their highest priced 7-octave Pianos, in a perfectly plain yet exceedingly neat exterior case, which are offered to those who desire to possess a first-class "Steinway Piano," yet are limited in means, at very low prices.

Special attention is also called to STEINWAY & SONS new

PATENT UPRIGHT PIANOS,

With Double Iron Frame, Patent Repeater, Tubular Metal Frame Action, etc., which are matchless in Tone and Touch, and unrivalled in durability.

Every Piano Forte is warranted for five years.

CHARLES BLASius,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF STEINWAY & SONS' WORLD-RENOVED PIANO FORTES.

WAREHOUSES,

No. 1006 CHESNUT Street,
19 1/2th P. PHILADELPHIA PA.

ALBRECHT,

RIEGER & SOHMME,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES.
Full guarantee and moderate prices.
WAREHOUSES, No. 610 ARCH Street.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PUBLIC SALE.—THOMAS & SONS,
Auctioneers.—Very elegant Country Seat, Man-
sion, 22 1/2 acres, fronting on the Wissahickon turn-
pike and Wissahickon creek, Chestnut Hill, 1 1/2 miles
of the Railroad depot. Twenty-second ward. On
Tuesday, April 19, 1870, at 12 o'clock noon, will be
sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange,
all that very elegant country seat, about 22 1/2 acres
of land, situated on the Wissahickon turnpike, one
square from the toll-gate on the Reading road, and
nearly surrounded by the Wissahickon creek. The
improvements are a handsome modern three-story
granite-stone mansion, well and substantially built
by the late owner, without regard to cost; has hall
in the centre, parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, and
kitchen on the first floor; two chambers, store and
bath room on the second floor, and three chambers on
the third floor; laundry and dry room in the base-
ment, with stationary tubs, hot and cold water, two
furnaces, cooking range; porch front and back;
stone tool house, frame barn and carriage house, cow
house, ice house, green house, grape house, chicken
house, vegetable garden, etc. Also, a handsome
three-story stone tenant house, containing nine
rooms. The grounds are beautifully laid out, and
planted with evergreen, gum, Norway spruce, maple,
chestnut, larch pine, and locust trees; a young
orchard of apple, cherry, and quince trees, abun-
dantly of small fruits, as, raspberry, etc.
The above is located on high ground, commanding
a beautiful view of the valley.
Immediate possession will be shown by Mr.
Patrick Monk, on the premises.
Terms—\$7500 may remain on mortgage.
M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
31st and 9th Sts. Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH ST.

BONNETS, HATS, ETC.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—GREAT

Gargains in new FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOW-
ERS and HATS, just received. To Milliners we sell very
cheap, and allow eight per cent. discount. At
J. S. BORGESKIS,
31st St. No. 21 N. NINTH Street, above Market.

GRAND INAUGURATION

OF

LOW PRICES.

HOMER, COLLADAY & CO.

ARE NOW OFFERING

The whole of their

MAGNIFICENT STOCK

OF

DRESS GOODS, SILKS, ETC.,

Replete with all the CHOICEST NOVELTIES of

this season, together with LARGE IN-

VOICES of desirable goods pur-

chased in this market for

Cash at

ASTONISHINGLY LOW RATES.

H. C. & CO. conclude that it is only necessary to quote

a few of their offerings as an index of the prices at which

this SUPERB STOCK will be disposed of, to insure an

early call.

Handsome Double Width Chene

Mohairs, 37 1/2 Cents.

Double-fold Foulard Mohairs, 45

Cents.

Double-fold Norwich Poplins, in

the new light shades, 56 Cents.

Hoyle's Yard-wide English Prints,

25 Cents.

Printed Satin Cloth, a new arti-

cle for the house or Walking

Costume, 35 cents.

One case of the Finest Organdies

Imported, 40 Cents.

Real Scotch Ginghams, in all

colors, 25 Cents.

A lot of of Thin Goods of last

season's importation will be

cleared out at from 6 1/2 to 18 1/2

Cents.

2 cases of French Foulard Mo-

hairs, now being sold by the

piece for 65 Cents, will be of-

fered at 56 Cents.

Black Lyons Gros Grains and

Drap de Lyon, of the best makes,

from \$1.50 to \$3.00 per yard.

Chene Silks of the latest designs

the Paris market, and extra

quality, sold last Spring at \$3.25,

\$2.50.

Striped Silks from \$1.50 to \$2.00.

Black Canvas Bareges, extra su-

perb Quality, 62 1/2 Cents.

To do. 75 Cents.

Do. do. all widths and

qualities, up to \$6.00.

Walking Suits, Lace Shawls, Lace

Points, etc., all at the NEW

RATES.

Nos. 1412 and 1414 CHESNUT STREET

ABOVE BROAD.

FOR THE LADIES.

HOSIERY, ETC.

ELDER, WALTON & CO.,

215 North NINTH Street, 215

9 South NINTH Street,

ABOVE RACE.

HAVE EVERY VARIETY OF

GOODS MARKED AT GOLD RATES.

Hosiery in Black Alpaca at 25 cents.

Black Alpaca, 25, 31, 37 1/2, 45, 50c. to \$1.00.

Special Drive in our 37 1/2 and 50 cent numbers.

Case Black and White Skirting, 25 and 31 cents.

Great bargain, selling elsewhere at 37 1/2 cents.

A new superior quality London Cord Figue, 25c.

Plaid Balmalms, 18, 22, 25, 31, 37 1/2, 44c.

Striped Balmalms, 18, 22, 25, 31, 37 1/2